



Departament d'Arquitectura
de Computadors

UNIVERSITAT POLITÈCNICA DE CATALUNYA



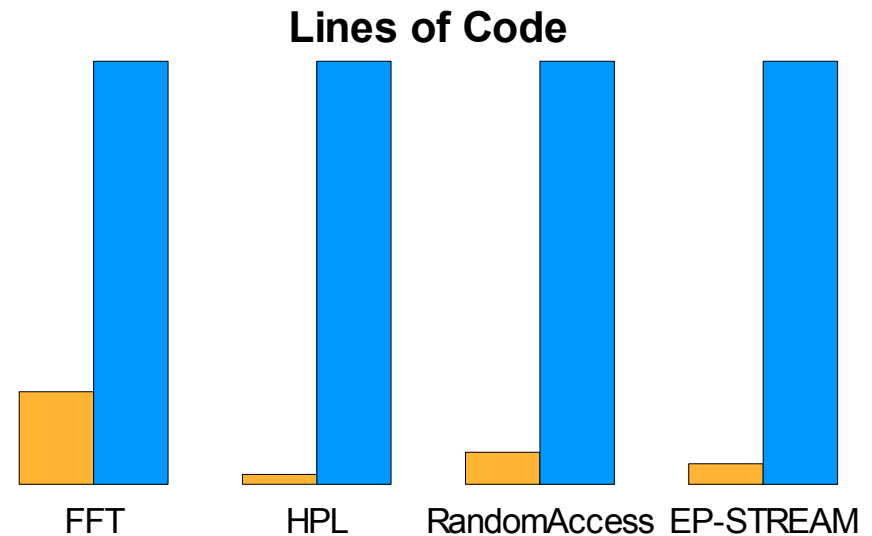
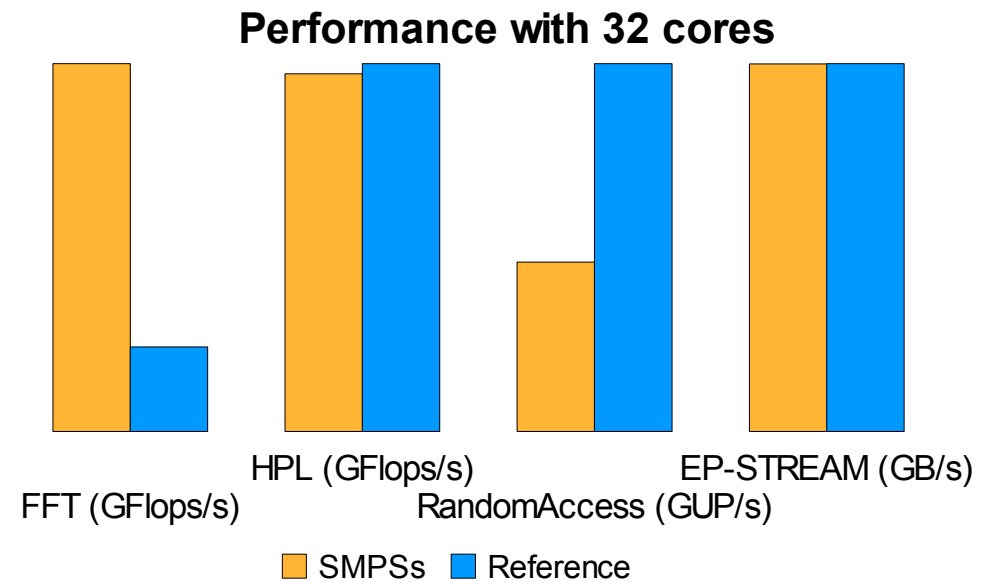
**Barcelona
Supercomputing
Center**

Centro Nacional de Supercomputación

SMPSs Submission to HPCC 2010 Class 2 Competition

Josep M. Perez, Rosa M. Badia, Jesus Labarta, Eduard Ayguade

- The model
- Experimental platform
- Global FFT
- Global HPL
- Global RandomAccess
- Global EP-STREAM Triad
- Conclusions



- StarSs Model
 - Sequential single address space program
 - Task-based
 - Pragmas: specify tasks and directionality of arguments
- Runtime
 - Compute dependencies at runtime
 - Data access (locality) information
 - Scheduling
- SMPs runtime with region support
 - Strided and aliased arguments
 - Locality-aware scheduler

```
#pragma css task          \  
    input (<params>)      \  
    output (<params>)     \  
    inout (<params>)      \  
    reduction (<params>)  \  
    [highpriority]  
<function definition | function declaration>
```

```
#pragma css barrier
```

```
#pragma css wait on(<vars>)
```

Target Platform & Measurement

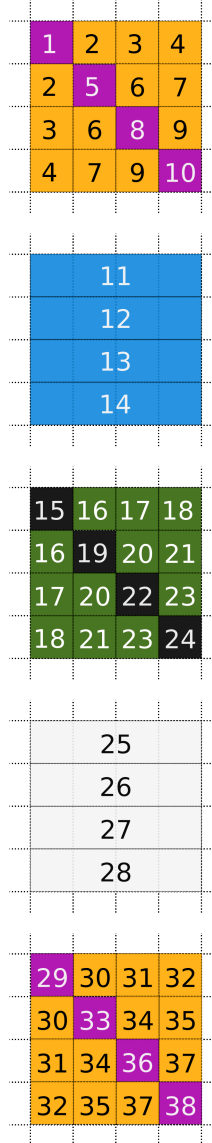
- SGI Altix 4700
 - Highly NUMA shared memory machine
 - 32 memory nodes
 - 2 dual-core Itanium (Montecito) per node
 - 1.6 GHz, 8 MB shared L3 cache
 - 32 GB 533 MHz memory per node
- Libraries
 - GotoBLAS 1.21
 - FFTW 3.2.2
- Compiler
 - ICC 11.0

Sequential FFT



Main Code

```
void fft (double _Complex A[N2][N2]) {  
  // 1. Transpose  
  for (long i=0; i<N2; i+=TR_BS) {  
    trsp_blk (&A[i][i]);  
    for (long j=i+TR_BS; j<N2; j+=TR_BS)  
      trsp_swap (&A[i][j], &A[j][i]);  
  }  
  
  // 2. First FFT round  
  for (long j=0; j<N2; j+=FFT_BS)  
    fft1d(&A[j][0]);  
  
  // 3 & 4. Twiddle and Transpose  
  for (long i=0; i<N2; i+=TR_BS) {  
    tw_trsp_blk (i, &A[i][i]);  
    for (long j=i+TR_BS; j<N2; j+=TR_BS)  
      tw_trsp_swap (i, j, &A[i][j], &A[j][i]);  
  }  
  
  // 5. Second FFT round  
  for (long j=0; j<N2; j+=FFT_BS)  
    fft1d(&A[j][0]);  
  
  // 6. Transpose  
  for (long i=0; i<N2; i+=TR_BS) {  
    trsp_blk (&A[i][i]);  
    for (long j=i+TR_BS; j<N2; j+=TR_BS)  
      trsp_swap (&A[i][j], &A[j][i]);  
  }  
}
```



Functions

```
void trsp_blk(double _Complex blk[N2][N2]);
```

```
void trsp_swap (  
  double _Complex blk1[N2][N2],  
  double _Complex blk2[N2][N2]);
```

```
void fft1d (double _Complex panel[FFT_BS][N2]);
```

```
void tw_trsp_blk(long I, double _Complex panel[N2][N2]);
```

```
void tw_trsp_swap (long I, long J,  
  double _Complex blk1[N2][N2],  
  double _Complex blk2[N2][N2]);
```



Main Code

```
void fft (double _Complex A[N2][N2]) {
  // 1. Transpose
  for (long i=0; i<N2; i+=TR_BS) {
    trsp_blk (&A[i][i]);
    for (long j=i+TR_BS; j<N2; j+=TR_BS)
      trsp_swap (&A[i][j], &A[j][i]);
  }

  // 2. First FFT round
  for (long j=0; j<N2; j+=FFT_BS)
    fft1d(&A[j][0]);

  // 3 & 4. Twiddle and Transpose
  for (long i=0; i<N2; i+=TR_BS) {
    tw_trsp_blk (i, &A[i][i]);
    for (long j=i+TR_BS; j<N2; j+=TR_BS)
      tw_trsp_swap (i, j, &A[i][j], &A[j][i]);
  }

  // 5. Second FFT round
  for (long j=0; j<N2; j+=FFT_BS)
    fft1d(&A[j][0]);

  // 6. Transpose
  for (long i=0; i<N2; i+=TR_BS) {
    trsp_blk (&A[i][i]);
    for (long j=i+TR_BS; j<N2; j+=TR_BS)
      trsp_swap (&A[i][j], &A[j][i]);
  }
}
```

1	2	3	4
2	5	6	7
3	6	8	9
4	7	9	10

11
12
13
14

15	16	17	18
16	19	20	21
17	20	22	23
18	21	23	24

25
26
27
28

29	30	31	32
30	33	34	35
31	34	36	37
32	35	37	38

Tasks

```
#pragma css task inout(blk{0:TR_BS}{0:TR_BS})
void trsp_blk(double _Complex blk[N2][N2]);
```

```
#pragma css task inout \
  (blk1{0:TR_BS}{0:TR_BS}, \
   blk2{0:TR_BS}{0:TR_BS})
```

```
void trsp_swap (
  double _Complex blk1[N2][N2],
  double _Complex blk2[N2][N2]);
```

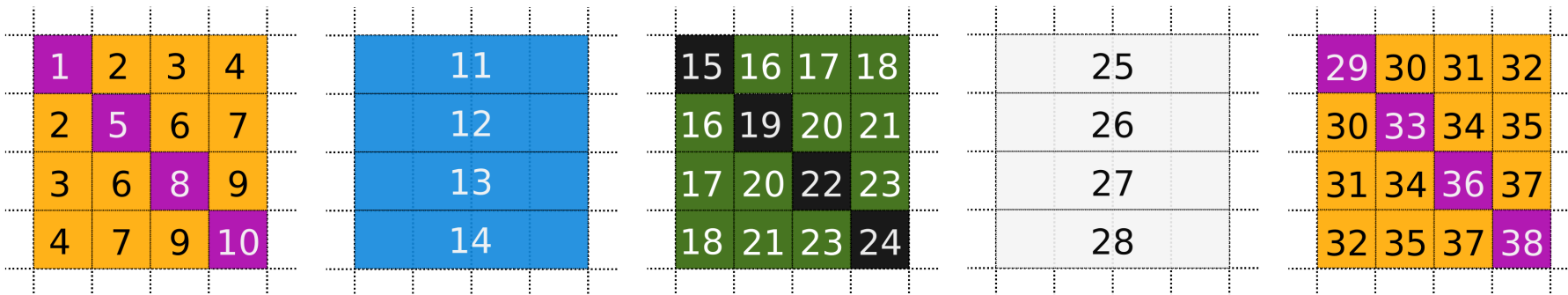
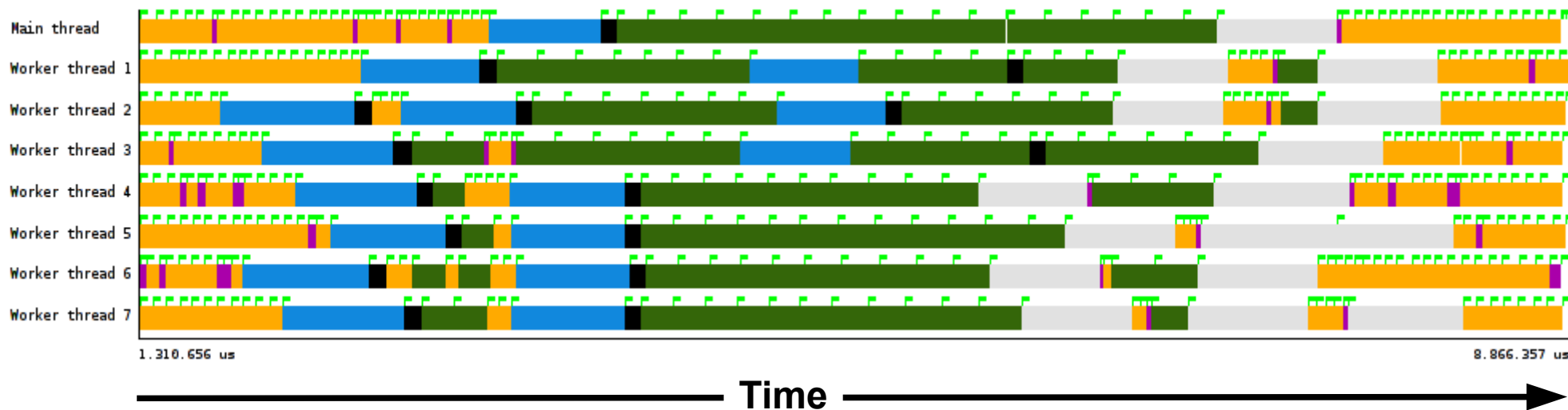
```
#pragma css task inout(panel)
void fft1d (double _Complex panel[FFT_BS][N2]);
```

```
#pragma css task input(I) inout(panel{0:TR_BS}{0:TR_BS})
void tw_trsp_blk(long I, double _Complex panel[N2][N2]);
```

```
#pragma css task input (I, J) inout \
  (blk1{0:TR_BS}{0:TR_BS}, \
   blk2{0:TR_BS}{0:TR_BS})
```

```
void tw_trsp_swap (long I, long J,
  double _Complex blk1[N2][N2],
  double _Complex blk2[N2][N2]);
```

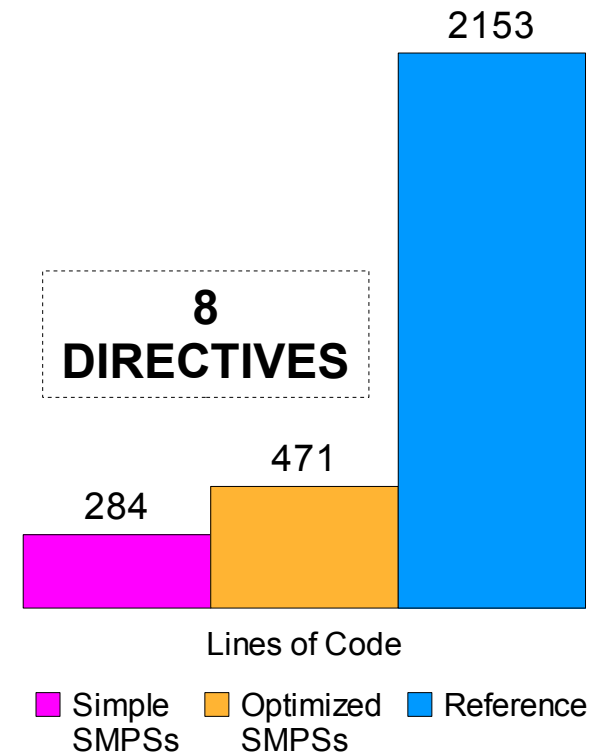
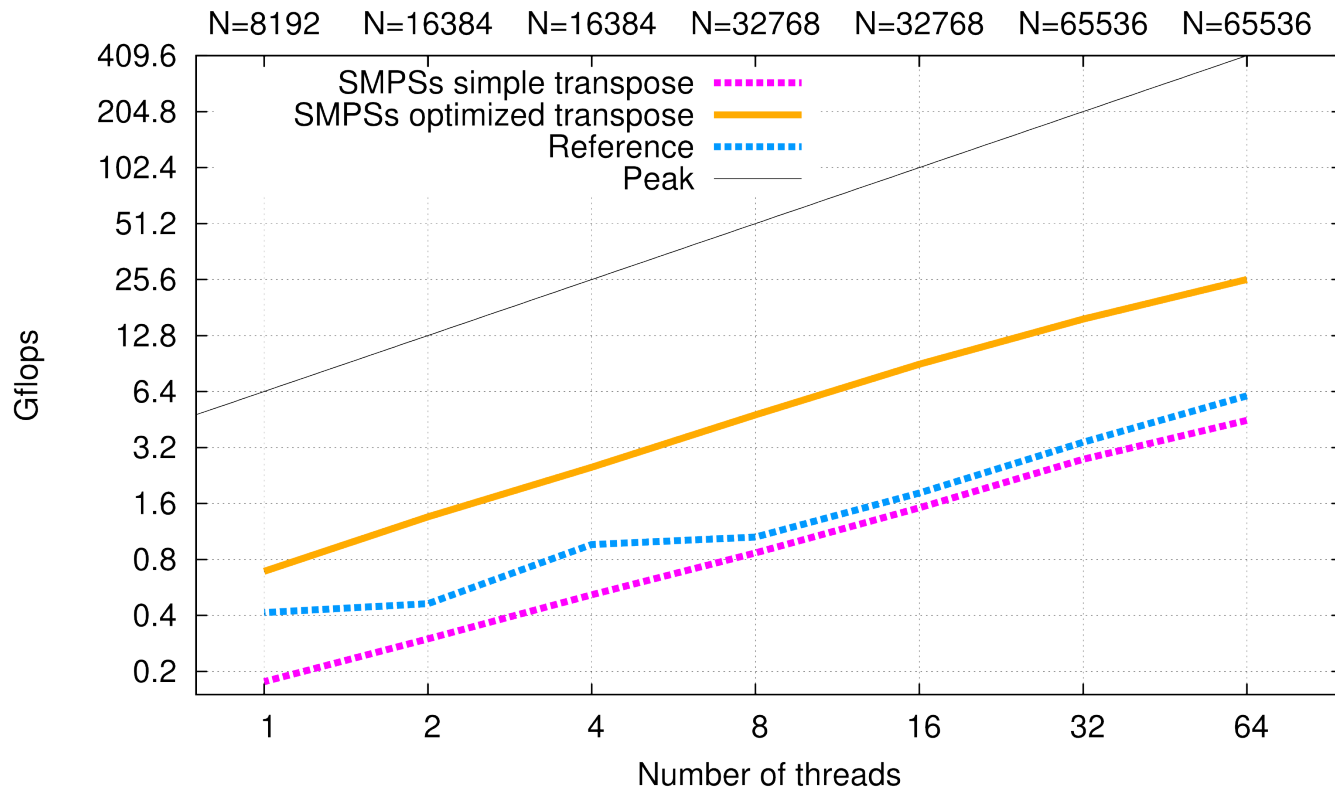

Global FFT in SMPs



- # trsp_blk
- # trsp_swap
- # fft1d (first round)
- # tw_trsp_blk
- # tw_trsp_swap
- # fft1d (second round)

Global FFT Performance and Code Size

- Two versions:
 - One with simple transposition tasks
 - One with optimized blocked transpositions





LAPACK LU Code (C)

```
void tiled_dgetrf(integer NB, integer M, integer N,
integer LDA, double A[N][LDA], integer IPIV[]) {

integer jb = min(min(M, N), NB);

if (M <= NB || N <= NB)
dgetrf_tile(M, N, LDA, A, IPIV);

else
for (integer j=0; j < min(M, N); j += jb) {

jb = min(min(M, N)-j, jb);
dgetrf_tile(M-j, jb, LDA, &A[j][j], &IPIV[j]);

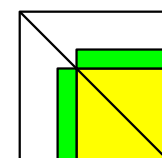
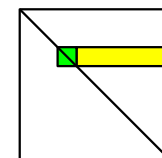
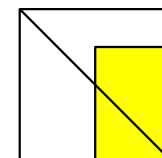
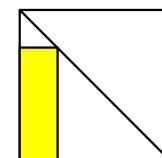
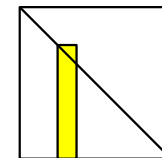
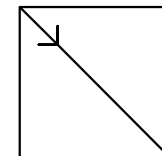
if (j != 0) {
tiled_add_scalar(jb, min(M-j, jb), j, &IPIV[j]);

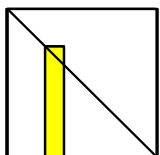
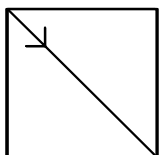
tiled_dlaswp(jb, M, j, LDA, A, j, j+jb-1, IPIV);
}

if (j+jb < N) {
tiled_dlaswp(jb, M, N-j-jb, LDA, &A[j+jb][0], j, j+jb-1, IPIV);

tiled_dtrsm(jb, jb, N-j-jb, 1.0, LDA, &A[j][j], LDA, &A[j+jb][j]);

if (j+jb < M)
tiled_dgemm(jb, M-j-jb, N-j-jb, jb, -1.0, LDA, &A[j][j+jb], LDA, &A[j+jb][j], 1.0, LDA, &A[j+jb][j+jb]);
}
}
}
```





Function Decomposition

```
void tiled_add_scalar(...) {  
    for (...)  
        add_scalar_tile(...);  
}
```

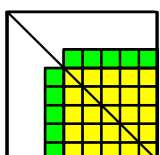
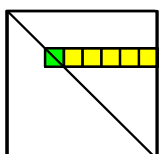
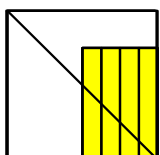
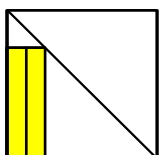
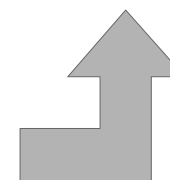
```
void tiled_dswap(...) {  
    for (...)  
        dswap_tile(...);  
}
```

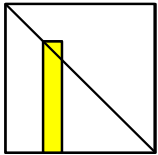
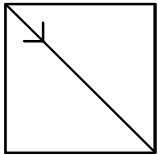
```
void tiled_dtrsm(integer NB, integer M, integer N, double  
ALPHA, integer LDA, double const A[M][LDA], integer LDB,  
double B[N][LDB]) {  
    for (integer i = 0; i < N; i += NB)  
        dtrsm_tile(M, min(NB, N-i), ALPHA, LDA, A, LDB, &B[i][0]);  
}
```

```
void tiled_dgemm(...) {  
    for (...)  
        for (...)  
            for(...)  
                dgemm_tile(...);  
}
```

Tiles

```
void dtrsm_tile(int M,..., double A[M][LDA], double B[N][LDB]) {  
    dtrsm_("Left", ..., A, ..., B, ...);  
}
```





Function Decomposition

```
void tiled_add_scalar(...) {
    for (...)
        add_scalar_tile(...);
}
```

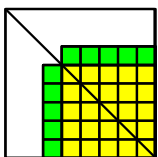
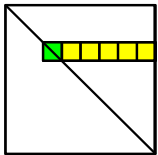
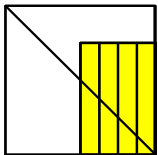
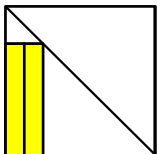
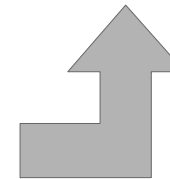
```
void tiled_dswap(...) {
    for (...)
        dswap_tile(...);
}
```

```
void tiled_dtrsm(integer NB, integer M, integer N, double
ALPHA, integer LDA, double const A[M][LDA], integer LDB,
double B[N][LDB]) {
    for (integer i = 0; i < N; i += NB)
        dtrsm_tile(M, min(NB, N-i), ALPHA, LDA, A, LDB, &B[i][0]);
}
```

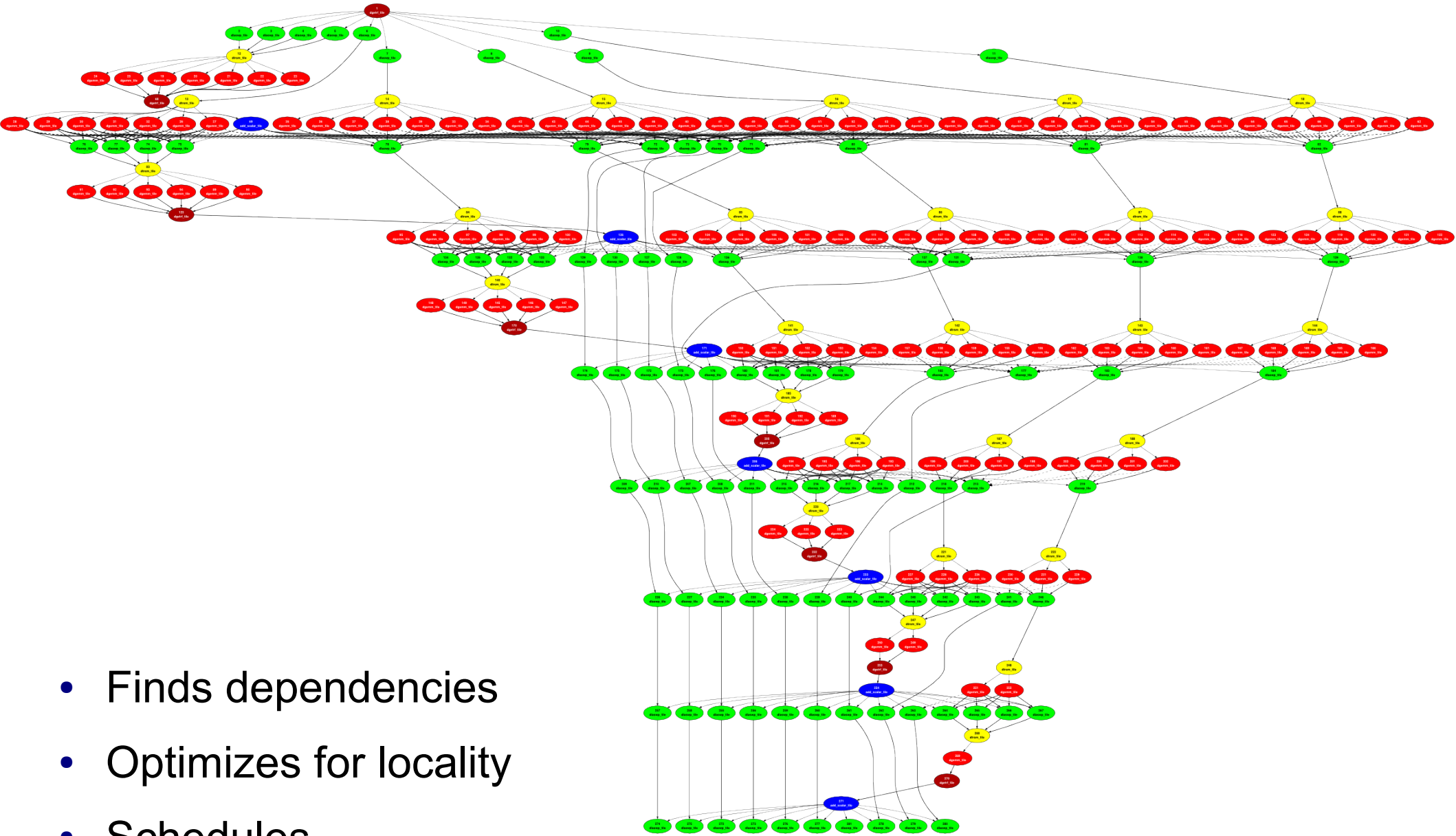
```
void tiled_dgemm(...) {
    for (...)
        for (...)
            for(...)
                dgemm_tile(...);
}
```

Tasks

```
#pragma css task      input( M, N, ..., A{0:M}{0:M} ) \
                      inout( B{0:N}{0:M} )
void dtrsm_tile(int M,..., double A[M][LDA], double B[N][LDB]) {
    dtrsm_("Left", ..., A, ..., B, ...);
}
```

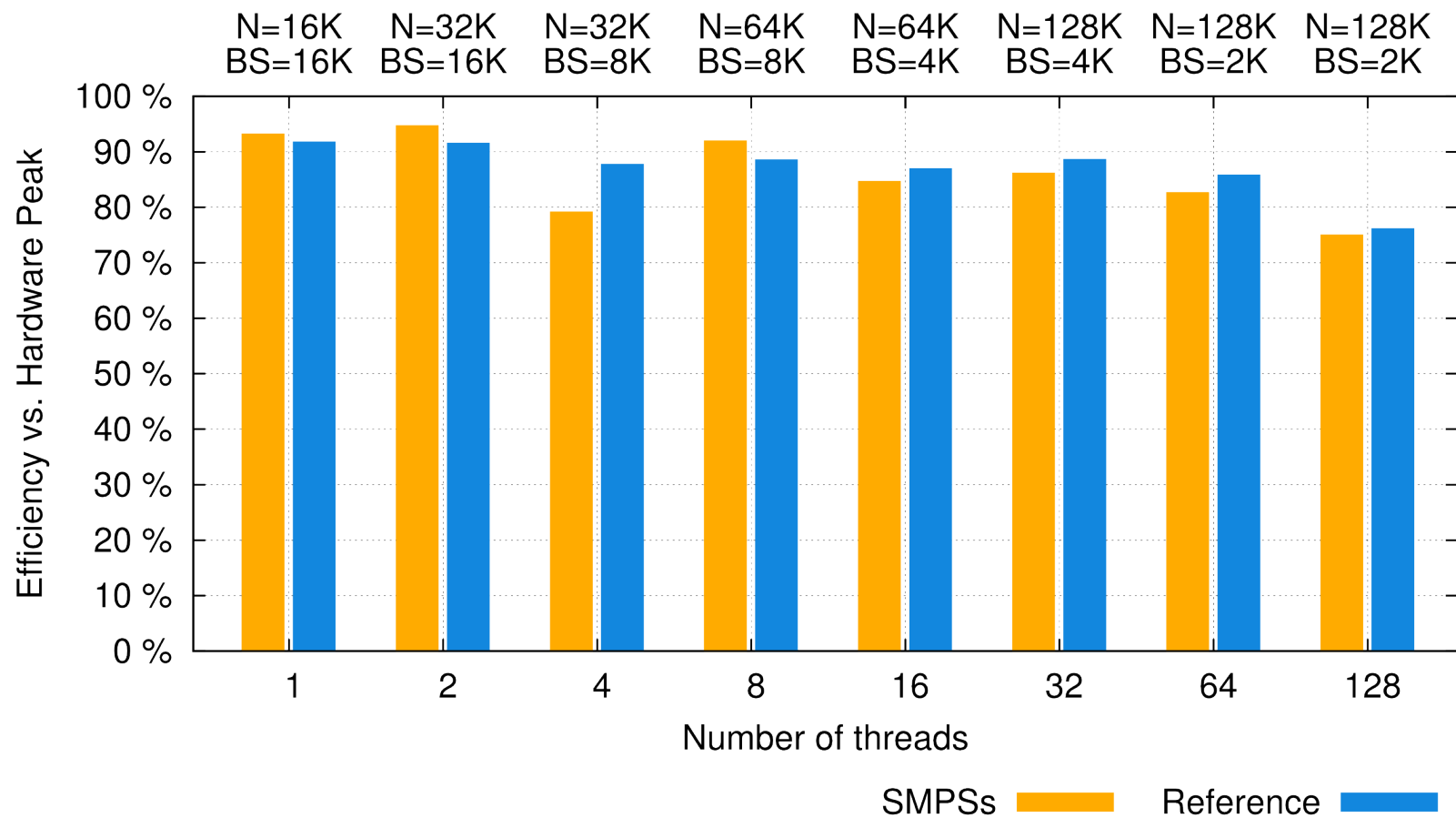


■ input ■ inout

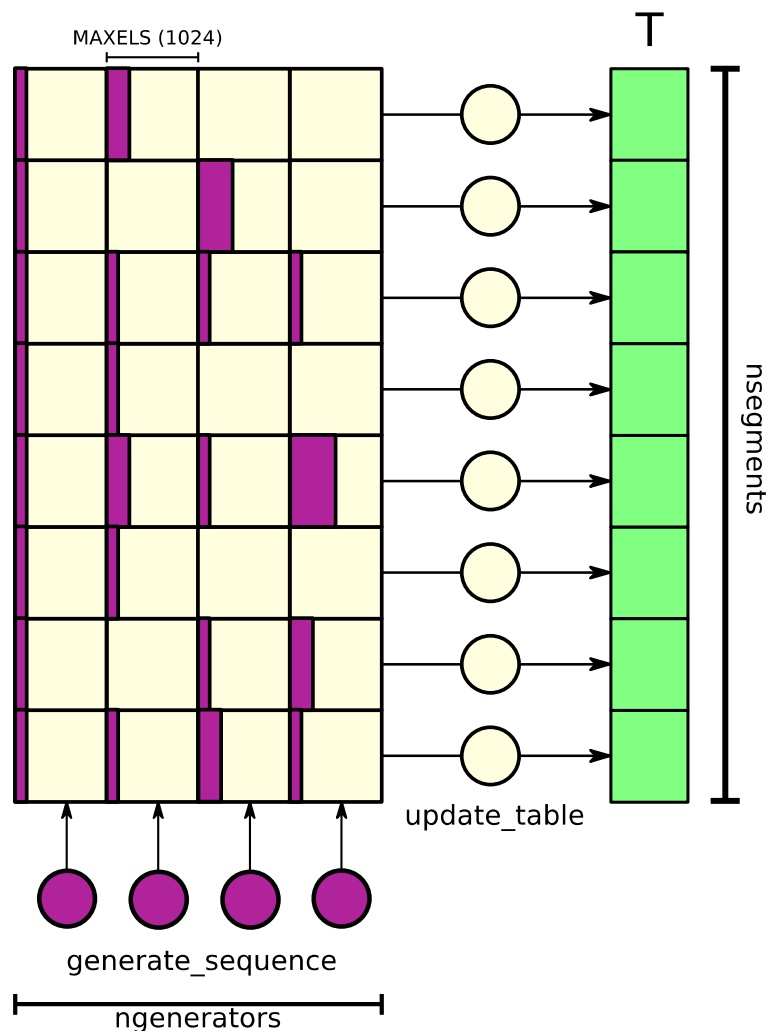


- Finds dependencies
- Optimizes for locality
- Schedules

Global HPL Performance and Code Size



Global Random Access



```
for (long total = 0; total < NUPDATES; total += MAXELS*ngenerators) {
    for (int gen=0; gen < ngenerators; gen++)
        generate_sequence(&seq[gen][0][0], &fills[gen][0], &lrnd[gen]);

    for (int seg = 0; seg < NSEGS; seg++)
        update_table(ngenerators, seg, seq, fills, &T[seg], seg*SEGSIZE);
}
```

```
#pragma css task output(seq, fills) inout(lrnd) highpriority
```

```
void generate_sequence(uint64_t seq[NSEGS][MAXELS],
    int fills[NSEGS], uint64_t *lrnd)
```

```
#pragma css task input(seg, seq, fills, offset) inout(T)
```

```
void update_table(int seg, uint64_t seq[ngenerators][NSEGS][MAXELS],
    int fills[NSEGS][NSEGS], uint64_t T[SEGSIZE], uint64_t offset)
```

Global performance (32 threads, 32 GB):

SMPs	Reference
0.01450 GU/s	0.03150 GU/s

Lines of Code



Reference
SMPs



```
#pragma css task input(size, b, c, scalar) output(a)  
void triad(long size, double a[size], double b[size], double c[size], double scalar) {  
    for (long i = 0; i < size; i++)  
        a[i] = b[i] + scalar*c[i];  
}
```

```
for (long i = 0; i < N; i += BSIZE)  
    initialize_segment(BSIZE, &a[i], &b[i], &c[i], 0, 2, 1);
```

#pragma css barrier

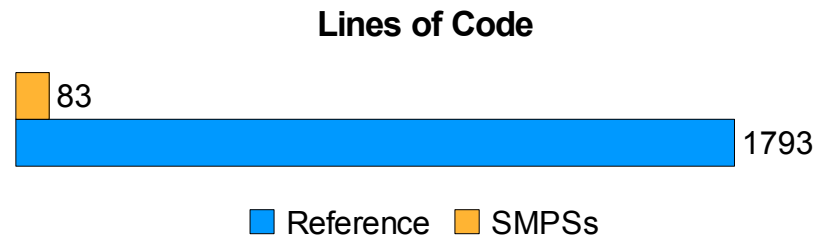
```
for (int rep = 0; rep < NTIMES; rep++) {  
    START_TIME();  
    for (long i = 0; i < N; i += BSIZE)  
        triad(BSIZE, &a[i], &b[i], &c[i], scalar);  
    #pragma css barrier  
    STOP_TIME();  
    total_time[rep] = GET_TIME();  
}
```

- Implementation:

- Divide the vectors one piece per thread
- One task instance per thread
- Locality

Per thread performance (32 threads, 96 GB):

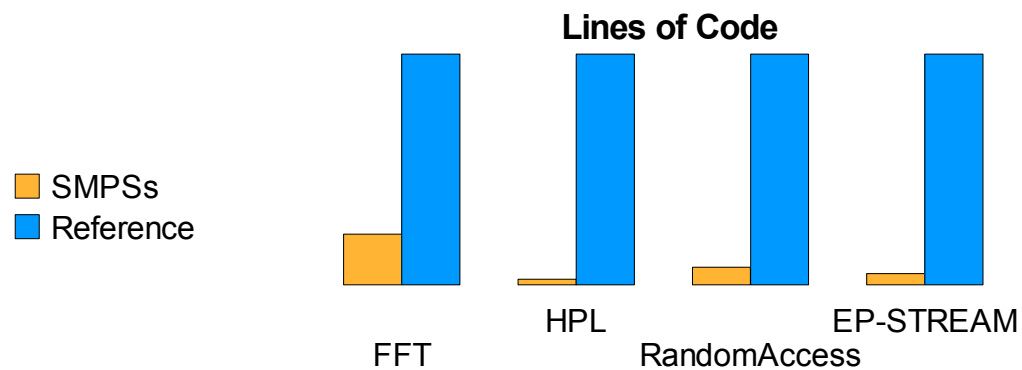
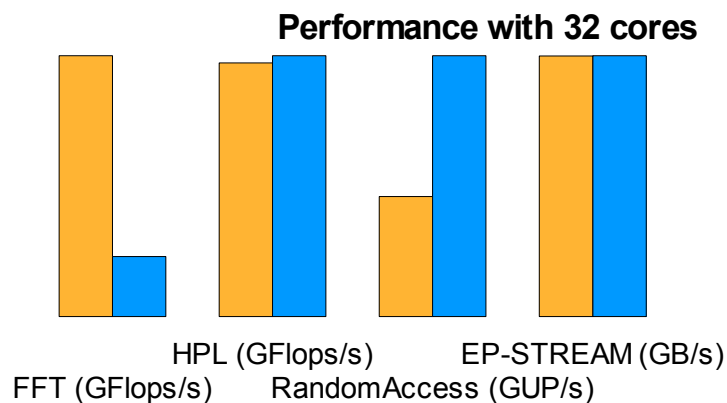
SMPSs	Reference	
	Original (t_{min})	Modified (t_{avg})
41.14 GB/s	43.15 GB/s	41.19 GB/s



Conclusions



	FFT	HPL	RandomAccess	EP-STREAM
Incremental parallelization	X	X	X	X
Locality exploitation	X	X	X	X
Asynchrony and overlap	X	X		
Reuse of existing binaries	X	X		
Reuse of existing codes		X		



<http://www.bsc.es/smpsuperscalar>